"State level Consultation on Implementation of RoFR Act 2006 in Andhra Pradesh"

4th November, 2015, DSS Bhavan, Masabtank, Hyderabad

Proceedings



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1. Background

The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act 2006 is an important legislation passed in India on 18th December 2006. The Act confers legal entitlements on the lands which have been under cultivation by the forest dwellers and tribal communities since decades. The Schedule Tribe and Other Traditional Forest dwellers Forest Rights Recognition Act 2006 (generally known as FRA) is categorically enacted to end the historical injustice made to the tribal by recognizing their traditional rights which they have been enjoying for generations. The Community Rights (CR) and the Community Forest Right Act, 2006. The Act recognizes and vests forest rights which include rights to the local communities to sustainably manage the forests, wildlife and biodiversity. It empowers Gramsabha to determine rights over the forests and to establish community governance over the forests. Unfortunately, in many states, the process of implementation of CR and CFR has been hindered due to several reasons which are the biggest challenge before the authorities, civil societies and above all, the communities.

The rules were amended in 2012 to fill the gap in the policy as well as implementation process to ensure rights to tribals in true spirit. Phases of regional consultation took place in different parts of the country, after the amended rules were notified in September 2012. Two such consultations were held in Hyderabad in October 2012 and 2013.¹But not much progress in the scenario with regard to CR and CFR in united Andhra Pradesh. As per government records, only 6714 CFR Claims were received and out of it 1016307 extent of land have been distributed and most of the title distributed was to VSS which are to be withdrawn (as per MOTA letter dated 6/8/2013).

Emerging Issues

So far, as field experiences/reports are concerned, following issues have been identified.

 The implementation of Forest Rights Act- 2006, towards recognition of Community Forest Resource Rights (to be claimed in form C) has not been initiated. Even recognition of Community Rights under form B has been poor, post amendment of rules 2012.Some of the major reasons for the poor progress of the CFR are as follows:

¹ As per report of MoTA in united Andhra Pradesh by the end of March 2013, only 6714 CFR Claims were received and out of it 1016307 extent of land have been distributed. Most of it was to VSS which are to be withdrawn (as per MOTA letter dated6/8/2013).

- (i) As per the amendment in 2012, to the FRA -2006, the FRCs have to be formed at the habitation level which has not been initiated
- (ii) Absence of initiation of the process of receiving claims in Form C
- (iii) Lack of awareness and information among the communities as well as with the implementing authorities/ field level officials.
- (iv) Coordination gap among the departments / authorities
- (v) Lack of support to the communities to file their claims and receive their titles.
- The habitat and habitation rights of the Particularly Vulnerable tribal Groups (PVTGs), rights of the pastoralist communities, rights of the displaced communities, conversion of forest villages into revenue villages have still not been recognized as per the FRA 2006 and in all the cases, the authorities are of the opinion that there is no clear guideline to recognize these rights.
- Last but not the least, the communities those who have got the titles should be provided support to exercise their rights and authorities to manage forests for their sustainable livelihood needs. This would require sustained support and facilitation for strengthening of traditional wisdom and practices of the communities. In this context, the changing role of forest department, institutional framework for CFR management, wildlife protection and biodiversity conservation, and future governance needs more focus and clarity. Convergence of programmes from other line departments and their management towards facilitation of Community Forest Resource management planning and implementation by the CFR title holding Grama Sabhas, is another emerging area which needs attention.

In this background, it was proposed to organize a *"State Level Consultation on RoFR Implementation in the State of Andhra Pradesh"*, involving community members (tribal and forest dwellers), CBO's/NGO's and Government officials. In fact the Department Of Tribal Welfare- Andhra Pradesh had shown keen interest in holding this Consultation which has been a welcoming move. This One day consultation was jointly organized by CPF, Actionaid in Collaboration with the Department of Tribal welfare- Andhra Pradesh.

2. Proceedings

2.1 Inaugural session:

Welcome Address and objectives of the state level consultation

The State Level Consultation commenced with a warm welcome accorded by Dr. Solomon Raj Gaddam, Project Manager-Action aid to NGOs, Community representatives, Academicians and Government officials. A round of self introductions of the participants was followed.

Opening remarks and objectives of the consultation:

Dr. M. Padma, Director- Tribal Welfare Department in her inaugural address insisted on collaboration and support from NGOs for effective implementation of RoFR in terms of facilitation, training and strengthening of FRCs and was



hopeful that by the end of the day the forum will be able to come up with a concrete road map and action plan. Further she stated that, a change management is required for proper implementation of the Act and asked the forum to take this as an opportunity to put forth their view points as per the objectives of the consultation



Sri V. China Veerabhadrudu, Additional Director, Tribal welfare, shared the purpose of the consultation meeting while referring back to the background and objectives of the consultation meeting. He stated that for discussions on issues related to IFR, CR and CFR, the consultation meeting provides a good platform, and requested

participants to utilize this opportunity and come up with recommendations. Further he elaborated on the objectives of the consultation.

Objectives of the consultation:

- To develop a Joint road map for affective implementation of the RoFR -2006 in Andhra Pradesh.
- To identify the challenges as well as advances in recognition of Community Forest Rights
 & Community Rights in the state.
- To implement the recent policy-related developments at the national and state level with respect to –
 - Notification of new guidelines and FRA Amendment Rules 2012.
 - Government order no. 50 of united Andhra Pradesh, which lays authority to ITDA to settle all the FRA claims.
 - Letter from MOTA to Tribal Commissioner to withdraw Community rights titles issued to VSSs

2.2 Experiences from field:

The key highlights of the discussions from the Community, NGOs and Govt. officials are as follows:

Community and NGOs:

- The reason for rejection of IFR claims are not communicated to the claimants
- There is no clarity among the field officials regarding the new guidelines and recognition of rights under form-C
- SDLC and DLC meetings are not happening regularly; as a result many claims are pending since last two years.



- Convergence of government schemes on IFR title lands has not been the priority.
- Community Rights are recognized under section 3(2) which is only Development Rights, Resource Rights under 3(1) is ignored and no step has been taken till date on the issue.

- FRCs is not constituted according to MoTA guidelines. These committees are at Panchayat level, whereas as per guidelines it should be at habitation or gramsabha level
- The community is not aware about their membership in FRCs.
- Most of the IFR titles are received with less extent of land.



- FRA implementation is going in a very slow pace especially in Polavaram project villages, Bauxite mining areas, Sanctuaries, National parks etc.,
- Traditional / Customary boundaries is not taken in to consideration while demarcating the extent of land for recognizing community rights
- In sanctuary area the IFR titles are taken back and it was informed that, it will not be given back which is unconstitutional
- The habitation rights for the PVTGs under FRA are not recognized
- Plantations are taking place without consent of community
- Community titles doesn't have maps
- Many claims are rejected due to confusion in satellite mapping
- Restrictions are imposed by Forest Department and GCC on community members for selling their forest produce outside, it needs to be sorted out.
- Banking linkages are not available to IFR title holders for land development, irrigation facilities etc.,
- Titles are issued to non land holders in Paderu, Visakhapatnam district. Such title holders are debarred from their social security rights i.e., loss their old age pension. Land also is not given to them.
- In all the districts, the tribal communities are dependent on forest in several ways such as – sacred spaces, grazing areas, NTFP collection areas (up to 30 -60 percent income comes from NTFP), grave yards, spaces where they regularly collect food produce such as roots, tubers and green leafy vegetables etc (up to 20-40 percent of food consumed) and fuel wood (100 percent dependency) as well as small wood for their other needs.

 Government has not taken any proactive measures for the facilitation of claims with regard to CRs and CFRs

Government Officials:

Mr. Venkateshwarlu - ITDA PO – Srisailam shared that, the community claims pertaining to development rights are pending as there is opposition from forest department. Many titles are still pending due to non signatures from the forest officials. He requested for clear guidelines to field level officials.



ITDA PO – Seetampeta- Srikakulam, Mr. Venkatrao shared that, 10000 claims are pending and yet to be distributed, due to the objection raised by the Forest Department hence, a reason for the claims to be pending. He further stated that the claims also are rejected due to lack of proper evidences. The Department is planning to give Aadhar and compartment number in the title document for the easy facilitation of linkages. The IFR title pass book numbers are also being incorporated in the revenue records. He stressed on the need for awareness generation amongst the community on roles and responsibilities of FRCs and the need for conducting training programmes on a regular basis.

Mr. Venugopal, Deputy Collector-Tribal Welfare, Paderu, Visakhapatnam- gave the status of RoFR work done under ITDA Paderu, i.e., 32,884 IFR claims were received, out of which 29354 titles were distributed with 56369 acres extent of land. Remaining is pending. Further he said that, development activities are not happening due to objections from Forest Department

2.3 Panel Discussion on "Strengthening of FRA 2006 implementation in the state of Andhra Pradesh"

Highlights of the panel discussion:

Panelist 1: Mr. Palla Trinadha Rao, Advocate

- 50% of the claims are rejected; there is a need to review the rejected claims. Further the reason of rejection should be communicated to the claimants.
- As per the Act, the district officials need to review and arrange for recognition of rights for PVTGs, even if the community doesn't apply by themselves.



- Fresh FRCs to be constituted at Gramsabha level.
- Recognition of Bamboo rights in Sirisinapalli, East Godavari district, should be replicated in other regions of the state.
- The implementing agency is not following a participatory approach for implementation of RoFR. He stressed on the need for a larger engagement of NGOs and CBOs.
- As per the Act, individuals can make multiple claims for IFR up to an extent of 10 acres of land.
- As per FRA 2006, transit permits issued by Gramsabha is valid and it should be recognized.

Panelist 2: Dr. Gopinath Reddy, Professor - CESS

- The implementation of the FRA Act 2006, is not as per the spirit of FRA
- Average per capita extent of IFR land received is 4 acres which is much better when compare to all India statistics
- Importance should be given to post title governance and management of resources, there
 is no clarity on integrating community management plan and forest department working
 plan
- A institutional vacuum exists at grass root level

- OTFDs are eligible for RoFR only in non scheduled areas. The eligibility criteria for recognition of rights (possession of land for 75 years or since three generations) for OTFDs should be reviewed.
- Amended rule of 2012 need to be meticulously implemented
- FRA needs to be implemented immediately wherever the displacement is proposed
- Development programmes need to be linked to FRA lands (Agriculture extension activities / irrigation facilities / other development activities)
- Gramasabha is the final authority and have the rights to issue transit permits
- Satellite imagery should not be mandatory for verification of claims

Panelist 3: Mr. P.S. Ajay Kumar, APVVU

- FRCs should be constituted as per gramsabha notified under PESA or habitation wise
- Common format should be developed at state level for recognition of rights
- Enquiry and review should be taken up by the government in case if there is any doubt for the titles issued with less than one acre of extent of land
- Facilitation of work done by the NGOs should be recognized
- Official website should be updated regularly with all relevant information with regards to implementation of RoFR
- Joint verification is not happening properly and the extent of land is approved arbitrarily
- Common format should be developed at state level for recognition of rights
- Enquiry and review should be taken up by the government under benefit of doubt for the titles issued with less than one acre of extent of land
- Facilitation of work done by the NGOs should be recognized
- Official website should be updated regularly with all relevant information with regard to implementation of RoFR
- Joint verification is not happening properly and the extent of land is approved arbitrarily

2.4 Way forward

Dr. Suryakumari, Director-CPF and Mr. Anjaneyulu, Regional Manager-Actionaid consolidated the discussions from the previous sessions and presented the key recommendations. Further Mr. Ajay Kumar, Chief Functionary-APVVU also contributed.



Key Recommendations

- 1. Individual forest Rights (IFR- Form A)
 - Correction of titles, where rights are recognized with less extent of land.
 - For rejected claims, the reasons for rejection should be communicated to the claimants.
 - Multiple claims, for single claimant can be accepted, till the overall extent of land is up to four hectares to ten acres.
 - Recognition of rights should be completed immediately, in the areas where there is a strong possibility of displacement of communities in national parks, sanctuaries, mining areas etc.

2. Community Forest rights (CR- Form B)

- Community Rights should be recognized in two aspects: Resource rights (Under Section 3(1)) and development rights (Under Section 3(2)). More focus should be imparted on recognizing Resource Rights now.
- Recognizing habitation rights for PVTG's should be the key priority.
- Recognition of rights should be done immediately, where the displacement has been proposed for developmental purpose.
- Community Titles need to be given in the name of Gram sabhas

3. Community Forest Resource rights (CFRe – Form C)

- Rights should be recognized under Form C for section 3(1), so that community can access as well manage the forest resources. The conservation, protection and management plans should be taken up with the consent of community.
- Forest Department to initiate process of issuing of titles in the name of the concerned Gramsabhas.
- Instructions need to be issued by forest department and tribal commissionerate to the field officials for recognition of community forest resource rights.
- Guidelines by Forest Department needs to be issued to the field officials on the authority of Gramsabha to issue harvest and transit permits for Bamboo and other forest produces
- Post title technical support should be provided by Forest Department to the community for governance and management of the forest resources and the department may come up with measures and institutional arrangements to do so.

4. Institutional

- Forest Right Committee (FRC) to be reconstituted at habitation and or Gramsabha wise
- Tribal Commissioner need to issue directive cancelling the FRCs formed prior to notification of Gramsabha under PESA
- ITDAs should come up with action plan to reconstitute the FRCs and maintain the data base in next two to three months. NGOs and CBOs should be involved in the process.
- Surveyors to be identified at ITDA level and have to be engaged for mapping of the resources
- RoFR cell established at ITDA level should accept the grievance petitions. All petitions should be brought to the notice of the SDLC.
- The ITDA/ tribal Department and Forest Department should work in convergence with each other and hold periodic review meetings to address the field level issues.
- The DFOs should be advised by the Forest Department to mandatorily attend the DLC meetings otherwise the entire exercise is futile.

5. Training, Awareness and Facilitation

- Awareness building on FRA, MoTA guidelines and Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) among implementing agencies is essential.
- There should be a common format among all ITDAs for the process of recognizing the rights
- Training should be imparted to the field staff for the effective implementation of the FRA.
- Centralized training material to be prepared and ToTs should be conducted at ITDA level.

6. Monitoring

- State level review meeting should happen once in six month involving all stakeholders and NGOs could be invited for SLMC meetings. The proceedings of the meeting should be updated on the website.
- Review meetings should be conducted at SDLC level once in a quarter and DFOs participation should be ensured.
- Technical support mechanism to be initiated and a special officer should be recruited for effective implementation of RoFR
- Tribal Department should regularly follow-up with Forest Department

2.5 Responses from Govt. officials

Dr. M. Padma, Director – Tribal Welfare Department

- Monitoring mechanism will be set-up for grievance, and issue to be followed up till it is resolved
- FRCs will be reconstituted and strengthened, NGOs need to collaborate with implementing



agencies for facilitation and trainings

- Individual titles can be issued even outside the forest mainly for STs under other appropriate schemes
- Action plan will be made in collaboration with NGOs
- Website updation is under process.

Dr. Mohd. Ilyas Rizvi, APCCF – Forest Resource

- Forest Department will cooperate and render all support to Tribal Welfare Department for the effective implementation of RoFR
- Conservation of resources and development of community should go together.

Mr. Kallol Biswas, CCF - DYCF

- GPS coordinates are essential to avoid conflicts and confusions in future
- ITDA POs need to consult with the Collector and come up with revenue survey number for IFR titles issued in reserve forest
- Survey number allotment to reserve forest should be mentioned in the title deed



- Instructions has been issued to sort-out the discrepancies in IFR titles regarding extent of land
- Expert committee to be constituted to look into habitation rights in national sanctuaries and tiger reserves

The roles and responsibilities of different agencies to pursue the recommendations of this workshop are summarized in Annexure 1

Vote of thanks was given by Ms. Ruchi Kukreti Kaushal, Sr. Prog. Officer-CPF

Annexure-1

Roles and responsibilities of different agencies to pursue the recommendations

S.No.	Tasks	Status	Responsible Agency to take action
RoFR			I
1	Notification for immediate		
	Recognition of rights, in the	Recognition of Forest Right has not	Tribal Commissionerate
	areas where the displacement is	been settled as yet	in collaboration with
	probable. i.e., national parks,	been settied as yet	Forest Department (FD)
	sanctuaries, mining areas etc.		
2	Notification for Forest Right	FRC are at Gram panchayat level,	Tribal Commissionerate
	Committee (FRC) to be	which is not as per the provision of the	& Integrated Tribal
	reconstituted at habitation and		Development Agency
	or Gramsabha wise	Act.	(ITDA)
3	Instructions to cancel the FRCs	FRC are at Gram panchayat level, As	Tribal Commissionerate
	formed prior to notification of	per the Act, it should be at Gram	and ITDA
	Gramsabha under PESA	sabha level.	
4	Database to be maintained		
	regarding newly constituted	Not available as of now.	ITDA
	FRCs		
Individ	dual Forest Rights – IFR		
5	Correction of titles, where rights	Rights have been recognized with	
		discrepancies i.e. Extent of land	ITDA & FD
	are recognized with less extent	recognized is less than the extent	
	of land.	claimed.	
6		This is not happening as of now. The	ITDA in collaboration
	Linking IFR title records with	Amended rule 12 A- clause 9 states :	with Revenue
	revenue records	On completion of the process of	Department and Forest
		settlement of rights and issue of titles	department

		as specified in	
		Annexure II, III and IV of rules, the	
		Revenue and the Forest departments	
		shall	
		prepare a final map of the forest land	
		so vested and the concerned	
		authorities shall	
		incorporate the forest rights so vested	
		in the revenue and forest records, as	
		the case may	
		be, within the specified period of	
		record updation under the relevant	
		State laws or within a period of three	
		months, whichever is earlier	
7		Currently the convergence is	
		happening only with MNREGS works	Tribal Commissionatre
		and various ITDA programmes,	and ITDAs.
		however the amended rule -16 states	
		that : The State Government shall	As per the united Andhra
		ensure through its departments	Pradesh GO no 50, FRA
	Financial inclusion of IFR title	especially tribal and social welfare,	implementation has
	holders for land development,	environment and forest, revenue, rural	been entrusted to ITDAs.
	irrigation facilities etc.,	development, panchayati raj and other	The ITDA-POs has to co-
		departments	ordinate with various
		relevant to upliftment of forest	departments to ensure
		dwelling scheduled tribes and other	convergence for IFR title
		traditional forest dwellers,	holders.
		that all government schemes including	
		those relating to land improvement,	

		land productivity,	
		basic amenities and other livelihood	
		measures are provided to such	
		claimants and	
		communities whose rights have been	
		recognized and vested under the Act)	
Comr	nunity Forest Resource Right- CFR		
8	Instructions to be issued to the field officials for recognition of Community Forest Resource Rights under Form-C	Recognition of Community forest resource rights under Form –C has not been initiated.	Tribal Commissionerate and Forest Department
9	Titles need to be given in the name of Gram sabha	As per amended rule 8 (h) (i) titles should be given to the gram sabha. In Andhra Pradesh the titles are issued to the VSS but again it's only in the record and the title documents are not available with the community or ITDA or with the Forest Department.	Tribal Commissionerate
10	Guidelines to be issued to the field officials on the authority of Gramsabha to issue harvest and transit permits for Bamboo and other forest produces	No action has been initiated on this as of now.	Tribal Commissionerate to persuade with Forest Department for instruction to field level forest officials.
11	Post title technical support to be provided to the community for governance and management of the forest resources and the department may come up with	No action has been initiated.	Tribal Commissionerate to collaborate with Forest Department for necessary action.

	measures and institutional		
	arrangements to do so		
12	Surveyors to be identified and		
	engaged for mapping of the		
	Community rights and	No action has been initiated	ITDA
	community forest resource right		
	under form B and Form C		
	respectively.		
Train	ing		
13	Awareness building on - FRA,	Whatever is happening currently in	
	MoTA guidelines and Frequently	field is inadequate and there is lack of	ITDA and NGOs
	Asked Questions (FAQs) among		
	implementing agencies is	proper understanding of the FRA Act	
	essential	among field officials.	
14		Currently there is no specific format	
		available other than the formats	
		issued by MoTA, for putting up the	
	Developing common format for	claim and format for issuing title	
	the process of recognizing the	document.	
	Individual rights, Community	There is no common format (i.e. for	ITDA
	rights and community forest	Gram sabha resolution, for submitting	
	resource right rights	the evidences, for recording the joint	
		verification) developed by the state for	
		processing the facilitation.	
15	Centralized training material to		
	be prepared and ToTs should be	No such mechanism available currently	DTRI , Tribal welfare
	conducted		Dept, ITDA & NGOs
Moni	toring		

			NGOs
	RoFR implementation	Doesn't seems to be in place as of now	Forest Department , &
	Action plan should be made for		in collaboration with
21			Tribal Commissionerate,
	ensured for SDLC meetings	DFO don't attend the SDLC meetings	support ITDA
20	DFOs participation should be		Forest Department to
	get informed about field issues.		
	Involved as special invitees to		
	a quarter and NGOs should be	their members only	ITDA
	conducted at SDLC level once in	SDLC meetings are happening within	
19	Review meetings should be		
	website.		
	meeting should be updated in	website.	Tribal Commissionerate
18	The proceedings of the SLMC	Meeting minutes are not updated in	
	field situation.		
	from field and to know about		
	invitees to receive feedback	with SLMC members.	Tribal Commissionerate
	part of SLMC meeting as special	SLMC meeting are happening only	
17	NGOs should be allowed to be		
	received .		
	periodically , till the titles are		
	ITDA –PO on the status ,		
	inform the claimant and DLC /	currently.	
	the grievance petitions and to	No such mechanism available	ITDA
	RoFR cell at ITDA level to accept		
	section in currently existing		
16	Establishment of separate		

Tribal Commissioner ate

RoFR

Notification for immediate Recognition of rights, in the areas where the displacement is

probable. i.e., national parks, sanctuaries, mining areas etc.

Instructions to cancel the FRCs formed prior to notification of Gramsabha under PESA

Technical support mechanism to be initiated and a special officer should be recruited

for effective implementation of RoFR

CFR

Instructions need to be issued to the field officials for recognition of community forest

resource rights under Form-C

Titles need to be given in the name of Gramsabha

MONITORING

State level review meeting should be done once in six month involving all stakeholders

and further NGOs could be invited for SLMC meetings, and the proceedings of the

meeting should be updated in website

Forest Department

RoFR

Rendering support to Tribal Department for immediate Recognition of rights, in the

areas where the displacement is probable. i.e., national parks, sanctuaries, mining areas

etc.

IFR

Correction of titles, where rights are recognized with less extent of land.

CFR

Instructions need to be issued to the field officials for recognition of community forest

resource rights under Form-C

Guidelines to be issued to the field officials on the authority of Gramsabha to issue

harvest and transit permits for Bamboo and other forest produces

Post title technical support to be provided to the community for governance and

management of the forest resources and the department may come up with measures

and institutional arrangements to do so

Action plan should be made for RoFR implementation

Integrated Tribal Development Agency- ITDA

RoFR

Notification for Forest Right Committee (FRC) to be reconstituted at habitation and or

Gramsabha wise

Data base should be maintained regarding newly constituted FRCs

IFR

Correction of titles, where rights are recognized with less extent of land.

Linking IFR title records with revenue records

Banking linkages to IFR title holders for land development, irrigation facilities etc.,

Surveyors to be identified and engaged for mapping of the resources

Training

Awareness building on - FRA, MoTA guidelines and Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

among implementing agencies

Centralized training material to be prepared and ToTs should be conducted

Monitoring

Developing common format for the process of recognizing the rights

Establishment of separate section in RoFR cell to accept the grievance petitions

Review meetings should be conducted at SDLC level once in a quarter and DFOs

participation should be ensured

Others Department : Revenue and Rural Department

Linking IFR title records with revenue records

Banking linkages to IFR title holders for land development, irrigation facilities etc.,

NGOs in collaboration with Tribal Department

Facilitation for Forest Right Committee (FRC) reconstitution at habitation and or

Gramsabha wise

Awareness building on - FRA, MoTA guidelines and Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

among implementing agencies is essential

Centralized training material to be prepared and ToTs should be conducted

Action plan should be made for RoFR implementation

Annexure 2

List of publications circulated

Sr	Name of the publication	Published by
no		
1	Background note	CPF & Actionaid
2	Agenda	CPF & Actionaid
	Our forest , our right	Actionaid
3	"Understanding of Forest Right Act ,2006 for effective implementation" a Hand book	CPF
4	Policy Brief on Status of convergence in IFR title land in Andhra Pradesh	CPF
5	Brief note on implementation of Forest right Act in Khammam	ASDS
6	Chenchu world in Nallamala Forest	Actionaid

Annexure 3

List of Participants

	<u>N</u>	on on Implementation of R Date: 04 th Nov 20 <u>enue: DSS Bhavan – Masab</u> e Tribal Welfare Department -Tribal Cultu	015 tank Hyderabad	
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6	NAGARAJU CHINKUALA	CESS-Hyderabad.	9492567297	cho alphi Contraine
7	M.V. Ranprasad	KOVEL FOUNDATION VISAKUA NOTNAM	9490869498	feren

		ation on Implementation of Date: 04 th Nov <u>Venue: DSS Bhavan – Masa</u>	2015 <u>b tank Hyderabad</u>	
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	Dr. D. Surjakumani	Director - CPF	9849303220	may at
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	1	tion on Implementation of Date: 04 th Nov <u>Venue: DSS Bhavan – Masa</u> the Tribal Welfare Department -Tribal Cu	2015 <u>b tank Hyderabad</u>	
S.No.	Name	Organization Name	contact number	Signature
X	S. SRINU	ROSS/APVVU	8330989457	String
ĺ	K:TRINADHA.RAO.	Ginamabhyudaya	9989783089	Uniticadiarana
3.	Md. Waled	CPF	9963/47 324	Herozahi
4	K. JAYA RAJU	SAMYONITA	9440548946	R. Jour Rain
5	J. Sundaramma			84), No 5622
6	J Bhashig	C.1.F.	9885579176	Bhustio
7.	V.C. V.Jaya Luman	TCROTI TWOgf	9985683695-	VI. Maijalu
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	Organized in collaboration with	the Tribal Welfare Department - Tribal C	ultural Research and Training	Latin market
S.No.	- MARTE	Organization Name	contact number	Signature
25	S MAYNEG V. CHINNARAO	BTCRST	9492026066	2 4/4
26	E.RAMIA RIAO	GIRIJANAVIKAS	9494147389	V. Chinnarao
27		GIRIJANAVIKAS	8985197204	E. Darspor.
28	N.VEN Kata Rao P. BABULU	Gzama Sciarazya Sam? tu	9603005525	up?
29		- <u>l</u> i	9491660232	P. Babalis
30	A. chillipp	TERDS	8339072719	du
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S.No.	Organized in collaboration with the Name	e Tribal Welfare Department - Tribal Culti Organization Name	ural Research and Training L contact number	nstitute (TCR&TI) Signature
1.	SAMA . MO HAN KRUHNA	Integrated Runal Development Society - IRDS-NVM-CTR	8008032059	Suk
2.			,	M. 2000 2
3.	D. LAXMAN RAO	Gondigudem- ctR	9491638821	20.
4.	M. Kannakao	sinosanapalle	8332890010	Re
5	Sk. mahammad Havef	CPF, centre for peoplery forty prakojam DJ P. Donala	9490 326 126	Stermi Haug
6.	B. manthaiah	CPF, PRAKASION PiDovnala	9059890529	8 ක්තාජනුවු
7 .	U. musalaiah	CPF. Cruntur DT Gote pala	8978282314	Put
8	Ch Edajoh	Venktardnijelen	9464746945	Ch caiam

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	S.No.	Name	the Tribal Welfare Department - Tribal Co Organization Name	contact number	Institute (TCR&TT) Signature
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61		S. Anavard	भिष्ठभूम से देखी	7382216348	367 reserver CO2
-	2	E'Gowy Sankar	Laya - Adiatengola	9494006139	E.u.s. F
-	4,	P.K. PRABHAKAR	F.E.S. Foundation For Ecological Security	9493364772	P. Ktheep
18	-	MAJOR (RETD.) K. UDAYASHANK	FOUNDATION PORECOLOGICAL	9000190417	KUShal 2
16		P. Chandraiah	Eduquealla fally. Chintoor! 01.0) ASOS. Rekhateliy	8500914092.	Beerch

		tion on Implementation of 1 Date: 04 th Nov 2 <u>Venue: DSS Bhavan – Masab</u> he Tribal Welfare Department -Tribal Cub	015 <u>tank Hyderabad</u>	
S.No.		Organization Name	contact number	nstaute (ICR&II) Signature
49	P. JDOKni	Abhicholda (sollaneh	9177044271	Q. 300 m
6	H. Shushini fiyi s	V Consultant TCRO 79,	9642076469	m. energy
51	G. Balance	Padery	94940995 78	Q. Dolamy
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53	K. Raja Rao (Raj kunos)	Chainflourge stravarthing Avarigation V.O. paderie	9493820615	K. Bagkunn
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5	N. INDIAA RANI	Action Acd	09849692378	Wlaw
76	M. Iggan	AchionAid	9848207511	the second second

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¥o.	Name	the Tribal Welfare Department - Tribal Cul Organization Name	tural Research and Training contact number	Institute (TCR&TI) Signature
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S.	Organized in collaboration with No. Name	the Tribal Welfare Department -Tribal Cul Organization Name	tural Research and Training I	nstitute (TCR&TI) Signature
51	6. RANBABU. MARCA	Field officer, THERRETT.	3912053010	Dau
ľ	7: Smt-Rani Manda	Aut anulation of	7382620486	Rief
15	8. Bulla Blavatt Reddy	Field officer, TCR &TI	9052991712	35800 1115
19	t. Ch. Laveniga peri	field obsilw, TCR & TI	9550184877	lom.
	Dr. Solomon Ray Cadda	Pm, AA	9848782820	A. Hours
	Jana Refly	44	9951555190	Tanothy
	B. Kedoon	H	9032171 868	Joursty B. laevalil.
	Madan lal Jablar	ARDS ands. ngdog	9441774071	2 B

State level consultation on Implementation of RoFR Act 2006 in Andhra Pradesh Date: 04 th Nov 2015 <u>Venue: DSS Bhavan – Masab tank Hyderabad</u> Organized in collaboration with the Tribal Welfare Department-Tribal Cultural Research and Training Institute (TCR&TI)					
S.No.	Name	Organization Name	contact number	Signature	
73	Chaining Redely	Admonate (HYD)	9676382040	Redey	
74	P. SUBRAHMANYAY	RREDO	9866149420	ffans	
15	P. GOVINDBIAH	RREDO	9866149420	P. 01000 00 545	
76	RUCHI KUKRETI KAUSHAL	CPF	7036660700	Purhing 1	
77	R. Poorna Chander	CPF .	9849170183	Martw.c	
28	Garqi Das.	CPF	8008945250	June	
19	K. Avertisi 6000	(11)	9246464659	Bu	
80	J. Mellina,	Sr. Consultant	7616329890	4	

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(5.No. 81	Organized in collaboration with th Name J. Venkwim Man	e Tribal Welfare Department - Tribal Cub Organization Name Pos 2TD A, Seuscompart	tural Research and Training In contact number Loo 020 533 Do itdaspt Og manlem	Signature
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